

**NYU FRE Department**  
**FRE-GY 6883 Financial Computing**  
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Overview:

This course covers programming applications for financial engineering, utilizing C++ in Amazon AWS as the development environment. Topics include structured and object-oriented programming in C++ with applications to binomial options pricing, calculation of implied volatility, option pricing via Monte Carlo methods, market data access libraries with applications to historical financial data series retrieval and management, and other advanced programming concepts important for financial engineering, such as high-frequency trading, trading systems, and C++ for machine learning.

Schedule of Classes:

Week	Topics
<b>Part 1: Using C/C++ for Financial Computing</b>	
1	Topic 1: Set up AWS Linux Virtual Machine C++ IDE Environment
2	Topic 2: Structured Programming – Binomial Tree Model Implementation
3	Topic 3: Function Pointers – CRR Pricer for European Call and Put
4	Topic 4: Object-Oriented Programming – Binomial Tree Mode Class
5	Topic 5: Inheritance and Polymorphism – European Option Pricing Framework
6	Topic 6: Data Structures– Pricing American Options
7	Topic 7: Class Templates – Price Tree and Stopping Tree for American Options
8	Topic 8: Implementing Non-linear Solvers using Function Pointers and Inheritance
9	Topic 9: Monte Carlo Methods for Path-dependent Options
10	Topic 10: Enhancing the Monte Carlo Framework for Pricing Basket Options
<b>Part 2: Develop Financial Applications in C/C++</b>	
11	Topic 11: Integrating Historical and Market Data in Financial Applications
12	Topic 12: Integration of Model Visualization in Financial Applications
13	Topic 13: HFT, Trading Systems & C++ for Machine Learning
14	Final Exam
15	Team Project Presentation and Demonstration

Class Meeting Times:

- Instruction Mode: In Person
  - Tuesdays, 6:00 pm – 8:30 pm, 2 MetroTech Center, Rm 907
  - Saturdays, 1:30 pm – 4:00 pm, 6 Metro Tech Center, Room 216
- Office Hours: before/after each session and by appointment

Assessment:

Students will code extensively for both their homework assignments and the final project. Homework assignments are requested to be completed independently. They are closely related to the topics and programs discussed in classes. The final project will be done in groups of 5 students. The final project will be given to students before part 2 starts, so students will have 4-5 weeks to work on their projects. The last class will be the project presentation and program demonstration.

The assessment will be done as follows:

- Quizzes, 10%
- Homework Assignments, 30%
- Final Exam, 30%
- Group Project, 30%

Class Materials and Textbooks:

- (1) Lecture Slides, Handouts, and Source Codes. It is highly recommended that you take extensive lecture notes, as we will add a lot of information and coding details during the lectures.
- (2) Numerical Methods in Finance with C++ (Mastering Mathematical Finance), by Maciej J. Capinski and Tomasz Zastawniak, Cambridge University Press, 2012, ISBN-10: 0521177162
- (3) Introduction to C++ for Financial Engineers: An Object-Oriented Approach (The Wiley Finance Series), by Daniel J. Duffy, Wiley, 2006, ISBN-10: 0470015381

Development Environment:

- Use GCC in the Amazon AWS Linux virtual machine development environment.

Course Topics:

**Set up AWS Linux Virtual Machine C++ IDE Environment (Week 1)**

- General introduction of C++
- Introduction of AWS Linux EC2 and Microsoft VSCode
- AWS Account Creation
- Setup GitHub Account
- Join FRE6883 GitHub Classroom

**Pricing European Options in C++ (Week 2-5)**

- The Structured Programming

Structured programming is a technique that arose from analyzing the flow control structures that underlie all computer programs. Any flow control structure can be constructed from three basic structures: sequential, conditional, and iterative. Students will learn how to price European options via the binomial model.

Topics covered in this section:

- Principle of Structured Programming
- Flow Control Structures
- Arrays
- Functions and Function Calls
- Separate Compilation
- Cox-Ross-Rubinstein (CRR) Pricer
- Pointers and Function Pointers.
- Object-Oriented Programming in C++  
In this unit, students will gain a basic understanding of object-oriented programming using C++ and the design of a C++ application based on what they did in structured programming. In other words, they will recast their option pricer in the style of object-oriented programming. Their classes will reflect the relationships between real entities, namely the binomial model and European options of various kinds.

Topics covered in this section:

- Our First Class
- Inheritance
- Virtual Functions
- Recast the Option Pricer

### **Using Data Structures and Class Templates for American Options (Week 6-7)**

This unit will introduce students to advanced object-oriented programming techniques and demonstrate how these techniques could be applied to solve complicated problems in quantitative finance. Students will learn how to implement American options by using C++ data structures and class templates.

Topics covered in this unit:

- C++ STL Data Structures
- Template Functions and Class Templates
- Computing Option Price via Black-Scholes Formula

### **Implementation of Non-linear Solvers in C++ (Week 8)**

This unit will use C++ function pointers, virtual functions, function templates, and design patterns to implement nonlinear solvers.

Topics covered in this unit:

- Bisection Method
- Newton-Raphson Method
- Function Pointers
- Virtual Functions
- Function Templates
- Computing Implied Volatility

### **Monte Carlo Methods (Week 9-10)**

This unit covers basics of Monte Carlo simulations for path-dependent options, with emphasis on practical issues such error analysis, variance reduction and algorithm updates.

Topics covered in this unit:

- Path-dependent Options
- Valuation
- Pricing Error
- Greek Parameters
- Variance Reduction
- Path-dependent Basket Options

### **Integrating Historical and Market Data in Financial Applications (Week 11)**

This unit will let students gain an understanding of financial market data processing. It will demonstrate to students how to fetch historical market data using the library libcurl in C++.

Topics covered in this unit:

- How to use libcurl Easy API
- Fetch historical stock data for market data sources.
- Integrate market data feed into a C++ financial application.

### **Integration of Model Visualization in Financial Applications (Week 12)**

This unit will enhance students' understanding of financial application development by teaching them to build visualizations in a C++ application that integrates with gnuplot.

- Set up AWS Linux Virtual Machine for gnuplot
- Use gnuplot in a C++ program for result visualization.

### **HFT, Trading Systems & C++ for Machine Learning (Week 13)**

This unit is to introduce students to the concepts, terminology, and code structures required to develop trading applications, as well as high-frequency trading and dark pools. In addition, this unit will show students examples of machine learning in C++.

Topics covered in this unit:

- High Frequency Trading
  - US Equity Share Volume by Market Participant
  - US Equity Trading by Market Participant
  - Challenges in High-Frequency Trading
  - HFT Technologies
  - Dark Pools
- Trading Systems
  - Concepts of Trading Systems
  - Architecture and Components
  - Messaging and Networking
  - Order Management and Execution
- C++ for Machine Learning
  - C++ Machine Learning Libraries
  - Set up C++ Env for Machine Learning
  - Examples of Using C++ for Machine Learning

### Course Team Projects:

Students are required to do class projects in groups. Once formed, groups cannot be changed midway through the project. The team lead is responsible for facilitating the project's planning, and the entire team will plan the project under the guidance of your team leader. Planning involves identifying what should be done (tasks), who should do it (resources), when tasks should be done (time frames), and how tasks are best sequenced (dependencies).

Each team will submit the project report and source codes tar/zipped via email before the deadline. The project reports should include a brief executive summary, the project design approach, design choices, and implementation specifics. All the teams are requested to present and demonstrate their projects. The details of the team project will be announced and posted on our course site once part 1 is completed.

### Letter Grades:

Letter grades for the entire course will be assigned as follows:

<b>Letter Grade</b>	<b>Points</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<b>A</b>	4.00	93.33%
<b>A-</b>	3.67	90.00%
<b>B+</b>	3.33	86.67%
<b>B</b>	3.00	83.33%
<b>B-</b>	2.67	80.00%
<b>C+</b>	2.33	76.67%
<b>C</b>	2.00	70.00%
<b>F</b>	0.00	0.00%

According to our school and departmental policy, there will be no additional assignments, makeup exams, or grade adjustments once all scheduled classwork is completed.

In addition, this course assumes that work submitted by students will be generated by the students themselves, working individually or in groups as directed by class assignment instructions. Any classwork generated by anyone other than the students (by other students, by a company, or by using generative AI tools in ways that violate this course policy) will be considered a breach of the university's Academic Integrity policy.

### Policies:

#### **Academic Misconduct**

- A. Introduction: The School of Engineering encourages academic excellence in an environment that promotes honesty, integrity, and fairness, and students at the School of Engineering are expected to exhibit those qualities in their academic work. It is through the process of submitting their own work and receiving honest feedback on that work that students may progress academically. Any act of academic dishonesty is seen as an attack upon the school and will not be tolerated. Furthermore, those who breach the school's rules on academic integrity will be sanctioned under this Policy. Students are responsible for familiarizing themselves with the School's Policy on Academic Misconduct.
- B. Definition: Academic dishonesty may include misrepresentation, deception, dishonesty, or any act of falsification committed by a student to influence a grade or other academic evaluation. Academic dishonesty also includes intentionally damaging the academic work of others or assisting other students in acts of dishonesty. Common examples of academically dishonest behavior include, but are not limited to, the following:
  1. Cheating: intentionally using or attempting to use unauthorized notes, books, electronic media, or electronic communications in an exam; talking with fellow students or looking

at another person's work during an exam; submitting work prepared in advance for an in-class examination; having someone take an exam for you or taking an exam for someone else; violating other rules governing the administration of examinations.

2. Fabrication: including but not limited to, falsifying experimental data and/or citations.
3. Plagiarism: Intentionally or knowingly representing the words or ideas of another as one's own in any academic exercise; failure to attribute direct quotations, paraphrases, or borrowed facts or information.
4. Unauthorized collaboration: working together on work that was meant to be done individually.
5. Duplicating work: presenting for grading the same work for more than one project or in more than one class unless express and prior permission has been received from the course instructor(s) or research adviser involved.
6. Forgery: altering any academic document, including, but not limited to, academic records, admissions materials, or medical excuses.

### **Disability Disclosure Statement**

Academic accommodation is available for students with disabilities. Please contact the **Moses Center for Students with Disabilities** (212-998-4980 or [mosescsd@nyu.edu](mailto:mosescsd@nyu.edu)) for further information. Students who are requesting academic accommodations are advised to reach out to the Moses Center as early as possible in the semester for assistance.

### **Inclusion Statement**

The NYU Tandon School values an inclusive and equitable environment for all our students. I hope to foster a sense of community in this class and consider it a place where individuals of all backgrounds, beliefs, ethnicities, national origins, gender identities, sexual orientations, religious and political affiliations, and abilities will be treated with respect. It is my intent that all students' learning needs be addressed both in and out of class and that the diversity that students bring to this class be viewed as a resource, strength, and benefit. If this standard is not being upheld, please feel free to speak with me.