



# Polytechnic Tutoring Center

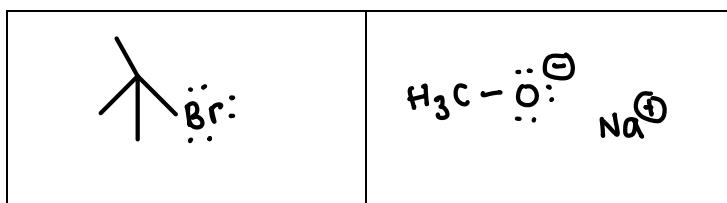
Final REVIEW– CM2213,  
Fall 2021

*Disclaimer: This mock exam is only for practice. It was made by tutors in the Polytechnic Tutoring Center and is not representative of the actual exam given by the Academic Department.*

## Problem 1

Categorize each reactant, then determine which reaction type(s) will occur and draw the final, neutral organic product(s) of these reactions. Omit any iconic compounds (NaCl, KBr, etc) and acids (HCl, HBr, etc) that are formed.

a.      **Reactants:**



Nucleophile or Electrophile  
Acid or Base

Nucleophile or Electrophile  
Acid or Base

**Product(s)**



**Nucleophile** is: Good or Poor

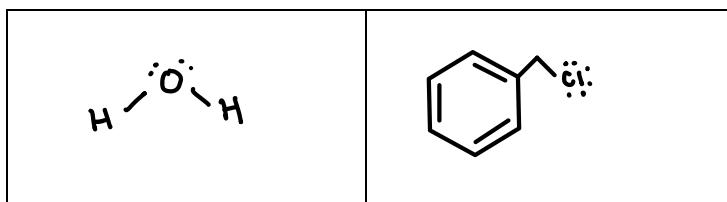
**Base** is: Strong or weak

**Electrophile** is: methyl, 1°, 2°, or 3°

**Acid** is: Strong or weak

**Mechanism that operates:** Acid/Base, SN1 only, SN2 only, E1 only, E2 only, SN1 & E1 or SN2 & E2

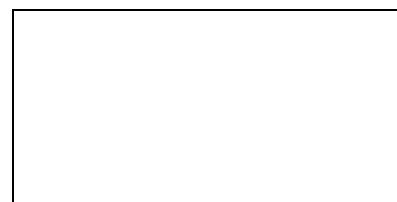
b.      **Reactants:**



Nucleophile or Electrophile  
Acid or Base

Nucleophile or Electrophile  
Acid or Base

**Product(s)**



**Nucleophile** is: Good or Poor

**Base** is: Strong or weak

**Electrophile** is: methyl, 1°, 2°, or 3°

**Acid** is: Strong or weak

**Mechanism that operates:** Acid/Base, SN1 only, SN2 only, E1 only, E2 only, SN1 & E1 or SN2 & E2

**Problem 2**

a. Draw the line structure of 2-chlorobutane.

b. Draw the reactive conformations for E2 reactions and the final products of these E2 reactions. In each Newman Projection, circle the beta-hydrogen that will be attacked by the base.

**Conformation 1:**

**Conformation 2:**

**Conformation 3:**



**Alkene Product 1:**



**Alkene Product 2:**



**Alkene Product 3:**

c. Which of the following bases would do an E2 reaction with 2-chlorobutane? Circle ALL that apply.

*Methanol      methoxide      water      hydroxide      methyl lithium      tert-butoxide*

d. Which of the following bases would ONLY do E2 reactions with 2-chlorobutane (no SN2)? Circle ALL that apply.

*Methanol      methoxide      water      hydroxide      methyl lithium      tert-butoxide*

e. Which alkene product from part b) is the lowest in energy? Explain.

**Problem 3**

Draw the line structure in the box that fits each set of criteria. ALL of these compounds are hydrocarbons (C and H only).

a) MS: 124 m/z ( $M^{\circ+}$ )  
IR: *no peaks between 1600-2200 cm<sup>-1</sup>*  
Spiro ring system  
Achiral  
3 peaks in the  $^{13}C$  NMR spectrum

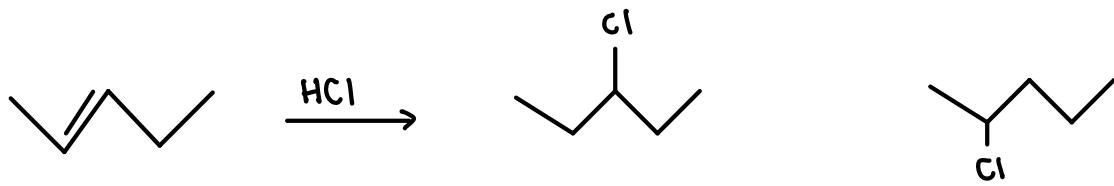
b) MS: 124 m/z ( $M^{\circ+}$ )  
IR: *no peaks between 1600-2200 cm<sup>-1</sup>*  
Fused ring system  
Achiral  
5 peaks in the  $^{13}C$  NMR spectrum

c) MS: 96 m/z ( $M^{\circ+}$ )  
IR: *no peaks between 1600-2200 cm<sup>-1</sup>*  
Bridged ring system  
Achiral  
3 peaks in the  $^{13}C$  NMR spectrum

d) MS: 110 m/z ( $M^{\circ+}$ )  
IR: *no peaks between 1600-2200 cm<sup>-1</sup>*  
Bridged ring system  
Achiral  
2 peaks in the  $^{13}C$  NMR spectrum

**Problem 5**

Consider the reaction of (E)-pent-2-ene with HCl:



a) Two products are possible. Write the IUPAC name of each product on the line provided.

b) What is the *relationship* between these product structures? \_\_\_\_\_

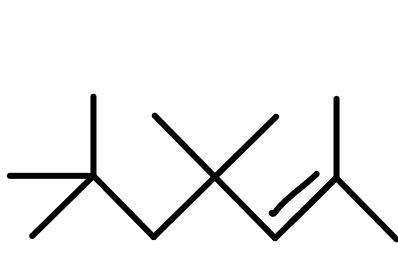
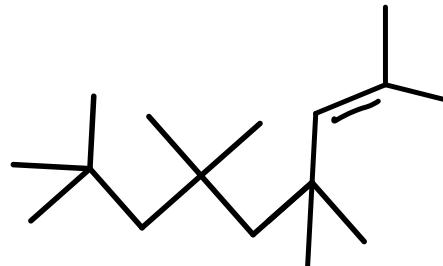
c) Could you readily tell apart these products by looking at their IR spectra? Explain.

d) Could you readily tell apart these products by looking at their  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra? Explain.

e) Which of these products is the Markovnikov product? Explain.

**Problem 6.**

Fill the spectra tables for these molecules. For IR, focus on the most important (diagnostic) peaks.

**Trimer****Tetramer****Mass Spec:** $M^{\circ+} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  m/z**IR:** $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  cm<sup>-1</sup>**1H NMR:** $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  peaks**Type of H****# Sets**

Vinyl

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

Allylic

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

Alkyl

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ **13C NMR:** $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  peaks**Type of C****# Sets****Sp2** $=CH_2$  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  $=CHR$  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  $=CR_2$  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ **Sp3**CH<sub>3</sub> (1°) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ CH<sub>2</sub> (2°) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

CH (3°)

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

C (4°)

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ **Mass Spec:** $M^{\circ+} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  m/z**IR:** $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  cm<sup>-1</sup>**1H NMR:**  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  peaks**Type of H****# Sets**

Vinyl

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

Allylic

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

Alkyl

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ **13C NMR:** $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  peaks**Type of C****# Sets****Sp2** $=CH_2$  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  $=CHR$  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  $=CR_2$  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ **Sp3**CH<sub>3</sub> (1°) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ CH<sub>2</sub> (2°) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

CH (3°)

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

C (4°)

 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$