

$$\begin{array}{ll}
k & = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{N \cdot m^2}{C^2} \\
\epsilon_0 & = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \frac{C^2}{N \cdot m^2} \\
e & = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} C \\
\mu_0 & = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} H/m \\
c & = 3.00 \times 10^8 m/s \\
k & = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \\
\vec{F}_{2,1} & = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r_{1,2}^2} \hat{r}_{1,2} \\
\vec{E} & = \frac{\vec{F}}{q} \\
\vec{E} & = \frac{kq}{r^2} \hat{r} \\
\vec{E} & = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0 r} \hat{r} = \frac{2k\lambda}{r} \hat{r} \\
E & = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} = 2\pi k\sigma \\
\Phi_E & = \vec{E} \cdot \vec{A} \\
\Phi_E & = \frac{Q_{in}}{\epsilon_0} = 4\pi kQ_{in} \text{ (for closed surface)} \\
V & = Ed \\
V & = \frac{kQ}{r} \\
\Delta PE & = Q\Delta V \\
Q & = CV \\
C & = \epsilon_0 \frac{A}{d} \text{ (for parallel plate)} \\
C_{eq} & = C_1 + C_2 + \dots \\
\frac{1}{C_{eq}} & = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \dots \\
I & = nqv_d A \\
J & = \frac{I}{A} = \sigma E \\
V & = IR \\
R & = \rho \frac{L}{A} \\
P & = VI \\
R_{eq} & = R_1 + R_2 + \dots \\
\frac{1}{R_{eq}} & = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots \\
\vec{F} & = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B} \\
\vec{F} & = I\vec{l} \times \vec{B} \\
f & = \frac{qB}{2\pi m} \\
\vec{B} & = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} q \frac{\vec{v} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} \\
\vec{B} & = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} I \frac{\vec{\Delta l} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} \\
B & = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} \\
B & = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} \\
B & = \mu_0 n I \\
\frac{F}{l} & = \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2}{2\pi r} \\
\Phi_B & = \vec{B} \cdot \vec{A} \\
\mathcal{E} & = -N \frac{\Delta\phi_B}{\Delta t} \\
\mathcal{E} & = vBl \\
L & = \mu_0 n^2 Al \\
c & = f\lambda \\
E & = cB \\
I & = \frac{P}{A} \\
I & = \frac{E_0 B_0}{2\mu_0} \\
\theta_i & = \theta_r \\
n_1 \sin \theta_1 & = n_2 \sin \theta_2 \\
\frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} & = \frac{1}{f} \\
f & = \frac{R}{2} \\
M & = -\frac{d_i}{d_o} \\
\frac{1}{f} & = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) \\
P & = \frac{1}{f} \\
v & = \frac{c}{n} \\
\lambda & = \frac{\lambda_0}{n} \\
d \sin \theta & = m\lambda \\
\frac{d}{L} & = m\lambda \\
2t & = \left(m + \frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{\lambda_0}{n} \\
2t & = m \frac{\lambda_0}{n} \\
D \sin \theta & = m\lambda \\
\frac{D}{L} & = m\lambda \\
I & = I_0 \cos^2 \theta \\
\tan \theta_P & = \frac{n_2}{n_1}
\end{array}$$