

PH2033 Equation Sheet

$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{C}^2/\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2$	$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{T}\cdot\text{m}/\text{A}$	$R = 8.314 \text{ J/mol}\cdot\text{K} = 0.082 \text{ L atm/mol}\cdot\text{K}$	$k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$
$v_{\text{sound}} = 343 \text{ m/s}$	$I_0 = 10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2$	$N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$	$1\text{L} = 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$
$c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$	$P_{\text{atm}} = 1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$		

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2 + A_z^2} \\
 \mathbf{A} &= A_x \hat{i} + A_y \hat{j} + A_z \hat{k} \\
 \mathbf{r} &= x \hat{i} + y \hat{j} + z \hat{k} \\
 \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B} &= AB \cos \theta = A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z \\
 F_{sx} &= -kx \\
 U_s &= \frac{1}{2} kx^2 \\
 T = \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \\
 \omega^2 &= \frac{k}{m} \\
 \omega^2 &= \frac{g}{l} \\
 x &= A \cos(\omega t + \phi) \\
 x &= A e^{-\frac{b}{2m}t} \cos(\omega t + \phi) \\
 E &= \frac{1}{2} kA^2 \\
 y &= A \sin(kx \pm \omega t) \\
 v &= \omega/k \\
 k &= 2\pi/\lambda, \quad \omega = 2\pi f \\
 v &= \sqrt{\frac{F_T}{\mu}} \\
 \mathcal{P} &= \frac{1}{2} \mu \omega^2 A^2 v \\
 f_1 &= \frac{v}{2L}, \frac{v}{4L} \\
 \beta &= 10 \log \left(\frac{I}{I_0} \right) \\
 I &= \frac{1}{2} \rho \omega^2 A^2 v \\
 f' &= f \left(\frac{v_{\text{snd}} \pm v_{\text{obs}}}{v_{\text{snd}} \mp v_{\text{src}}} \right) \\
 E &= cB \\
 u_E &= \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 \\
 u_B &= \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0} \\
 u_{\text{av}} &= \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E_0^2 \\
 I &= u_{\text{av}} c \\
 P_r &= \frac{I}{c}, \frac{2I}{c} \\
 I &= P/A \\
 \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} &= \frac{1}{f} = \frac{2}{r} \\
 m &= -d_i/d_o = h_i/h_o \\
 \frac{1}{f} &= (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) \\
 n_1 \sin \theta_1 &= n_2 \sin \theta_2 \\
 I &= I_0 \cos^2 \theta \\
 d \sin \theta &= m\lambda \\
 y_m &= m \frac{\lambda L}{d} \\
 D \sin \theta &= m\lambda \\
 \sin \theta &= 1.22 \frac{\lambda}{D} \\
 2t &= m \frac{\lambda}{n} \\
 2t &= \left(m + \frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{\lambda}{n} \\
 T_K &= T_C + 273 \\
 \Delta l &= \alpha l_0 \Delta T \\
 \Delta V &= 3\alpha V_0 \Delta T \\
 PV &= nRT = Nk_B T \\
 Q &= mc\Delta T \\
 Q &= mL \\
 W &= \int P dV \\
 Q &= \Delta U + W \\
 \Delta E_{\text{int}} &= nC_V \Delta T \\
 K &= \frac{3}{2} k_B T \\
 W &= nRT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} \\
 PV^\gamma &= \text{const.} \\
 \gamma &= C_P/C_V \\
 C_P - C_V &= R \\
 C_V &= \frac{3}{2}R, \frac{5}{2}R \\
 v_{\text{rms}} &= \sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}} \\
 \frac{dQ}{dt} &= -kA \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta x} \\
 W &= Q_H - |Q_C| \\
 e &= \frac{W}{Q_H} \\
 \epsilon_{\text{ideal}} &= 1 - \frac{T_L}{T_H} \\
 \Delta S &= \int \frac{dQ}{T}
 \end{aligned}$$