

CATCH ME IF YOU CAN...

Part 2

Advanced Mechatronics :
Propeller Mini Project

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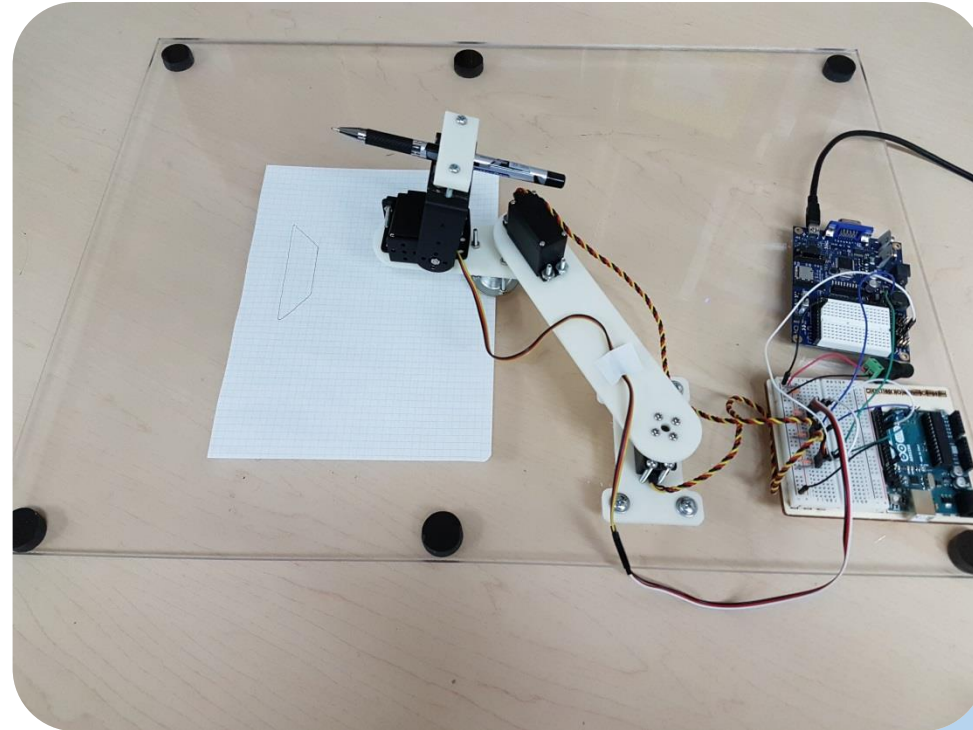


Outline

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Improvements
- ▶ Circuit Design
- ▶ Coding
- ▶ System Speed
- ▶ Comparisons and Results
- ▶ Future Improvements
- ▶ Conclusion

Introduction

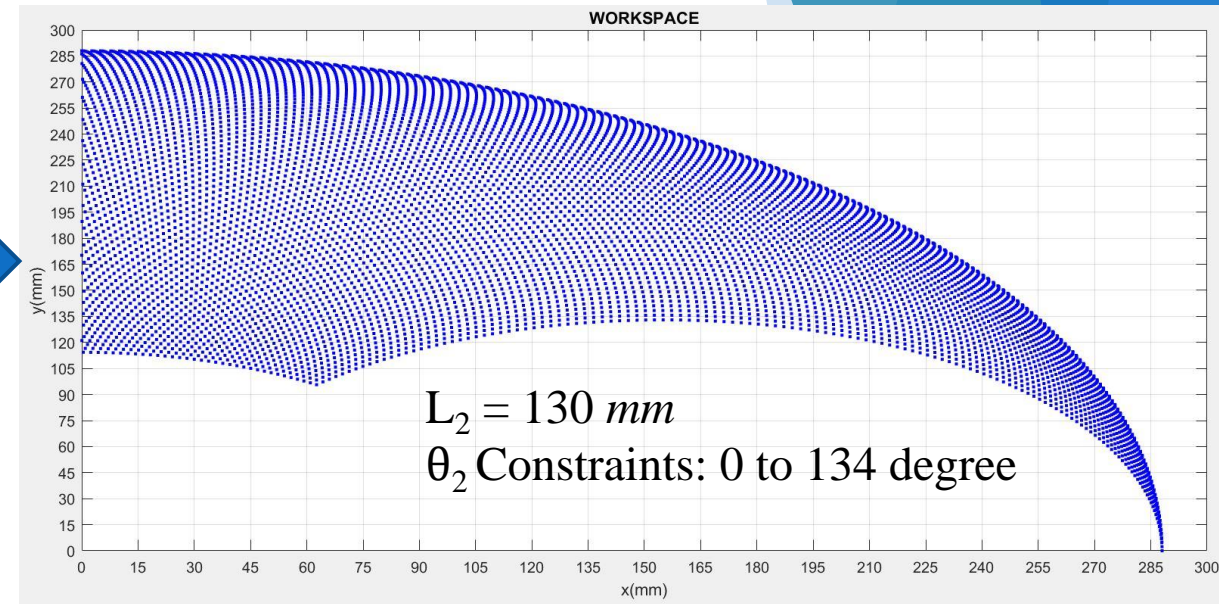
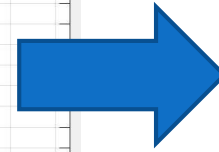
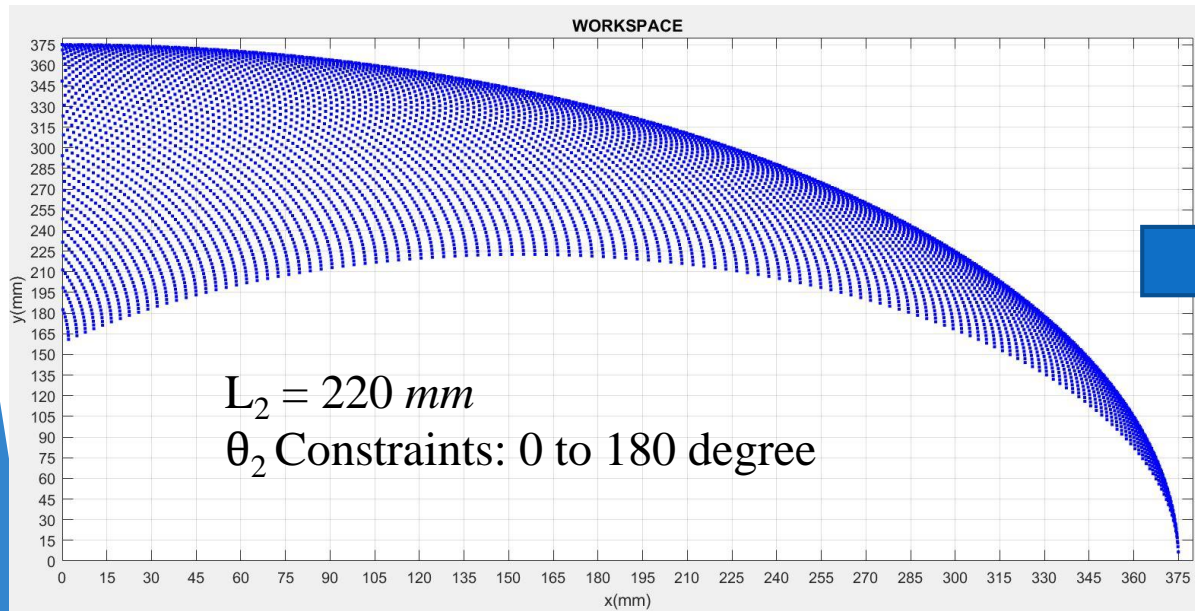
- ▶ Trying to achieve better results with design improvements
- ▶ Collecting data by LabVIEW and transferring them to the microcontrollers
- ▶ Comparing results obtained using Arduino or Propeller microcontroller



Improvements

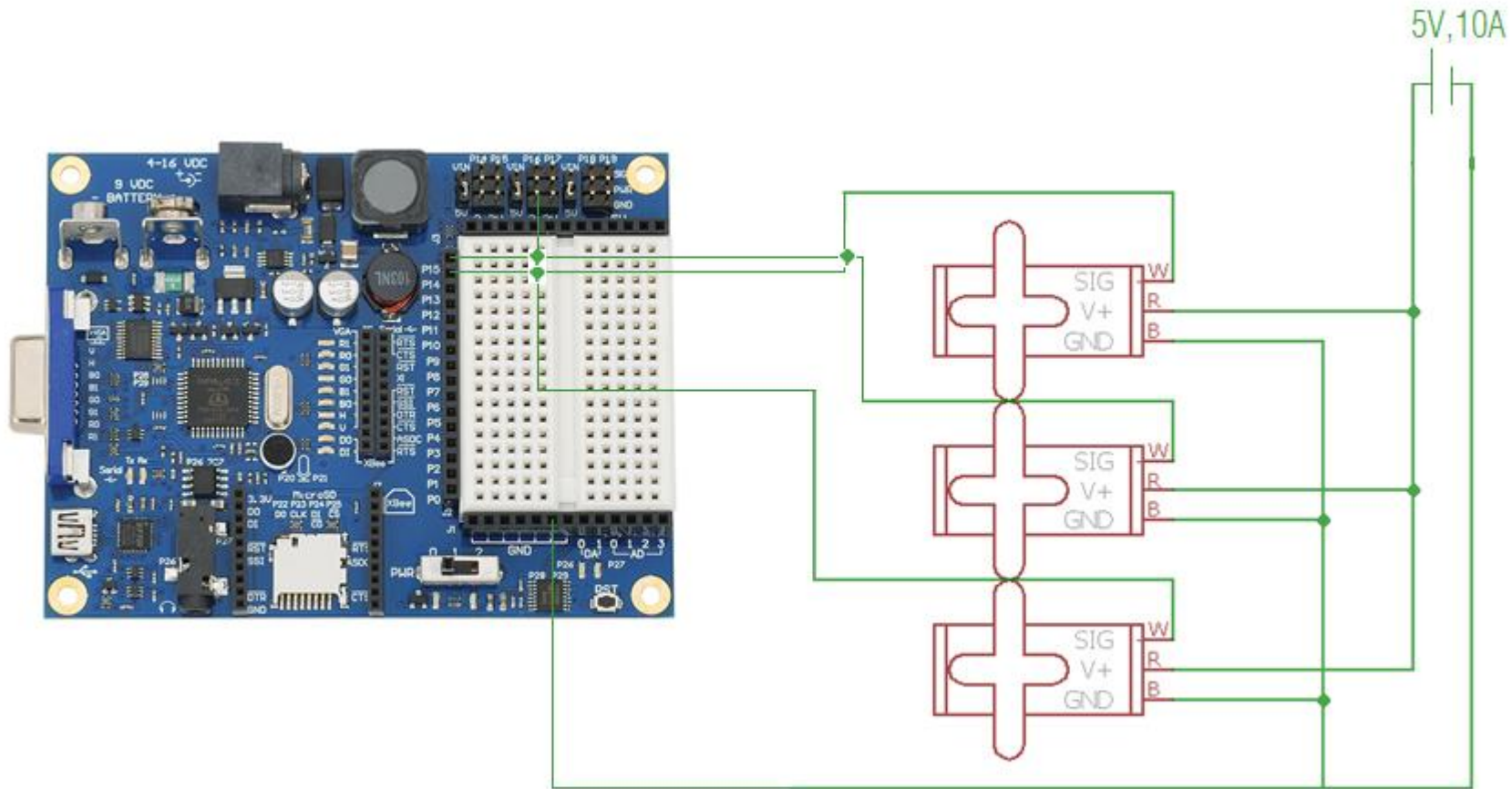
- ▶ **Achieved** a stable system decreasing the length of the second link
- ▶ **Obtained** a larger workspace area
- ▶ **Increased** the torque of the servos by supplying a 10A power source
- ▶ **Improved** the simultaneity of the commands using two cogs in parallel
- ▶ **Decreased** the friction using a ballpoint pen with a smaller diameter

Improvements



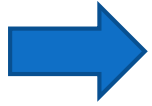
- ▶ Graphs obtained through a Matlab simulation

Circuit Design



Coding Propeller servo_angle (Multi Cogs)

STEP2



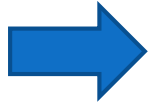
Propeller Code-Part1

```
#include "simpletools.h"
#include "servo.h"
#define SERVO1 14// Defining the pins that are attached to the servos as constants
#define SERVO2 15
#define SERVO3 16
void Servo1Cog(void *par) ;//Defining 3 functions for the 3 cogs
void Servo2Cog(void *par) ;
void Servo3Cog(void *par) ;
unsigned int stack[40 + 25];
unsigned int stack1[40 + 25];
unsigned int stack2[40 + 25];
static volatile int Servo1[]={};//Data copied from Excel Spreadsheet
static volatile int Servo2[]={};
static volatile int Servo3[]={};

int main()
{
  pause(500);
  cogstart(&Servo1Cog, NULL, stack, sizeof(stack));// Launch Cog 1-2-3 in parallel
  cogstart(&Servo2Cog, NULL, stack1, sizeof(stack1));
  cogstart(&Servo3Cog, NULL, stack2, sizeof(stack2));
}
```


Coding Propeller servo_angle (Multi Cogs)

STEP2



Propeller Code-Part2

```
void Servo1Cog(void *par)
{
for(int i = 0; i <sizeof(Servo1)/sizeof(Servo1[0]); i++)
{
    pause(200); //System speed
    servo_angle(SERVO1, Servo1[i]); //Angle1
    if(i==0 || Servo3[i-1]==0) { //In case the third servo lifts
        pause(3000);
    }
}
}
```



```
void Servo2Cog(void *par)
{
for(int i = 0; i <sizeof(Servo2)/sizeof(Servo2[0]); i++)
{
    pause(200);
    servo_angle(SERVO2, Servo2[i]);
    if(i==0 || Servo3[i-1]==0) {
        pause(3000);
    }
}
}
```

```
void Servo3Cog(void *par) {
for(int i = 0; i <sizeof(Servo3)/sizeof(Servo3[0]); i++)
{
if(i==0 || Servo3[i-1]==0) {
    pause(3000);
}
    pause(200);
    servo_angle(SERVO3, (Servo3[i]+2)*10);
}
}
```

- ▶ Each COG is controlling the position of a servo motor
- ▶ Total pause time in each COG is maintained equal

Coding Propeller pulse_out (Multi Cogs)

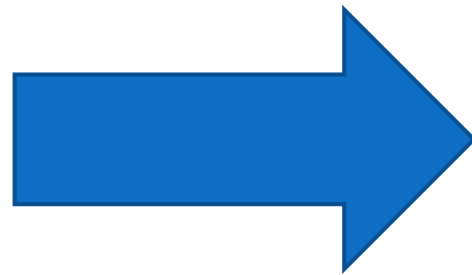
```
#include "simpletools.h"
#include "servo.h"
#define SERV01 14
#define SERV02 15
#define SERV03 16
void Servo1Cog(void *par) ;
void Servo2Cog(void *par) ;
void Servo3Cog(void *par) ;
unsigned int stack[40 + 25];
unsigned int stack1[40 + 25];
unsigned int stack2[40 + 25];
short Servo1[]={1913,1915,1913,1918,1921,1924,1927,1
short Servo2[]={1486,1486,1480,1486,1486,1485,1485,1
short Servo3[]={89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,89,
int main(){
  pause(500);
  cogstart(&Servo1Cog, NULL, stack, sizeof(stack));
  cogstart(&Servo2Cog, NULL, stack1, sizeof(stack1));
  cogstart(&Servo3Cog, NULL, stack2, sizeof(stack2));
}
```

```
void Servo1Cog(void *par) {
  for(int i = 0; i <sizeof(Servo1)/sizeof(Servo1[0]); i++){
    pause(200);
    for (int j=0; j<4 ;j++){
      pulse_out(SERV01,Servo1[i]);
      pause(10);}
    if(i==0 || Servo3[i-1]==0){
      pause(3000);}  }}
void Servo2Cog(void *par) {
  for(int i = 0; i <sizeof(Servo2)/sizeof(Servo2[0]); i++){
    pause(200);
    for (int j=0; j<4 ;j++){
      pulse_out(SERV02,Servo2[i]);
      pause(10);}
    if(i==0 || Servo3[i-1]==0){
      pause(3000);}  }}
void Servo3Cog(void *par) {
  for(int i = 0; i <sizeof(Servo3)/sizeof(Servo3[0]); i++){
    if(i==0 || Servo3[i-1]==0){
      pause(3000);}
      pause(200);
      servo_angle(SERV03, (Servo3[i]+2)*10);  }}
}
```


System Speed

```
void ServoCog(void *par)
{
for(int i = 0; i < sizeof(Servo1)/sizeof(Servo1[0]); i++)
{
    pause(200); //System speed
    //Angle1
    if(i==0 || Servo3[i-1]==0){//In case the third servo lifts
        pause(3000);
    }
}
}
```

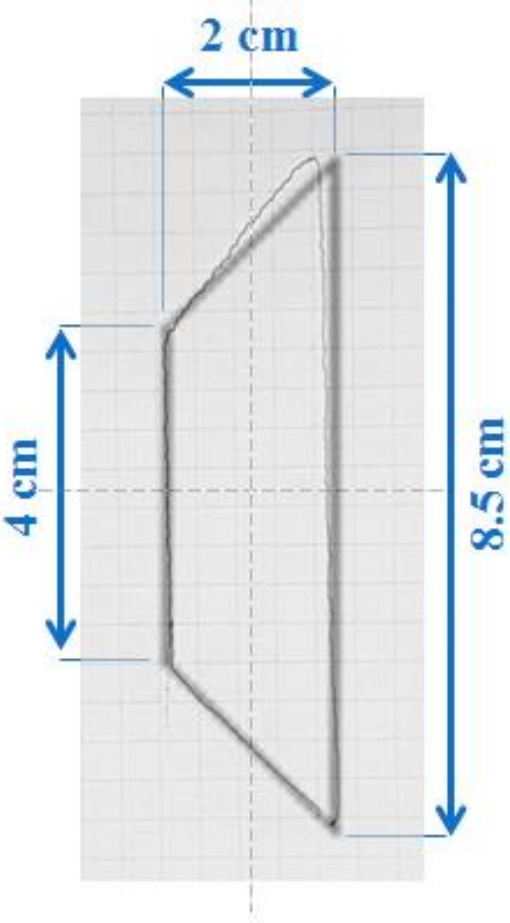
Dimension:49mmx49mm
Permieter:196mm



39.2 Seconds

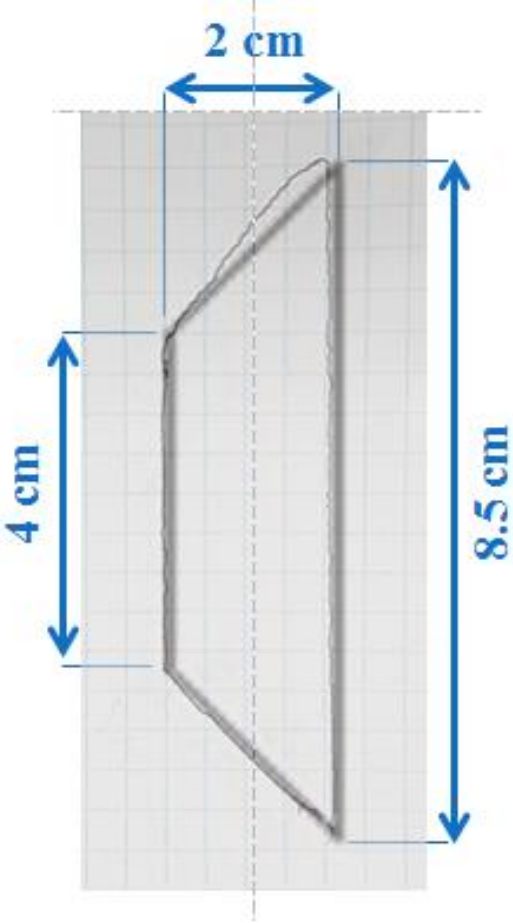
Comparison

LabVIEW + Arduino



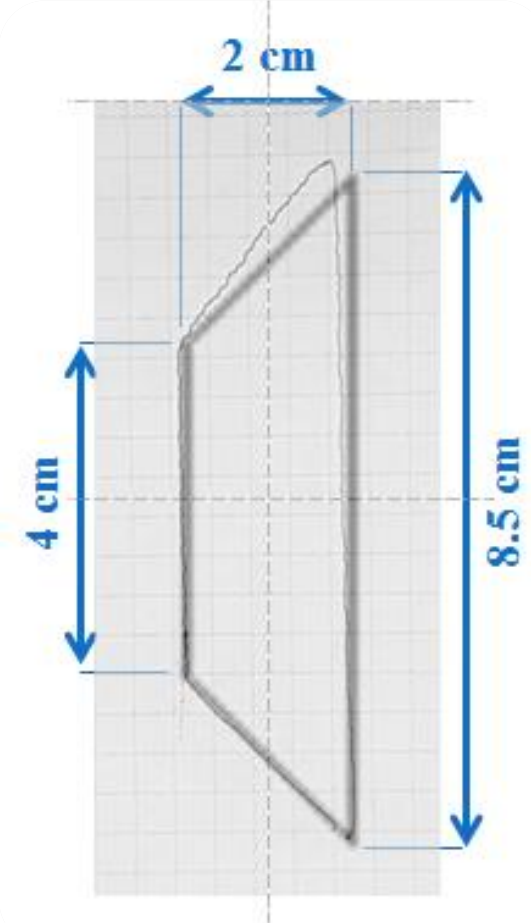
VS

Arduino

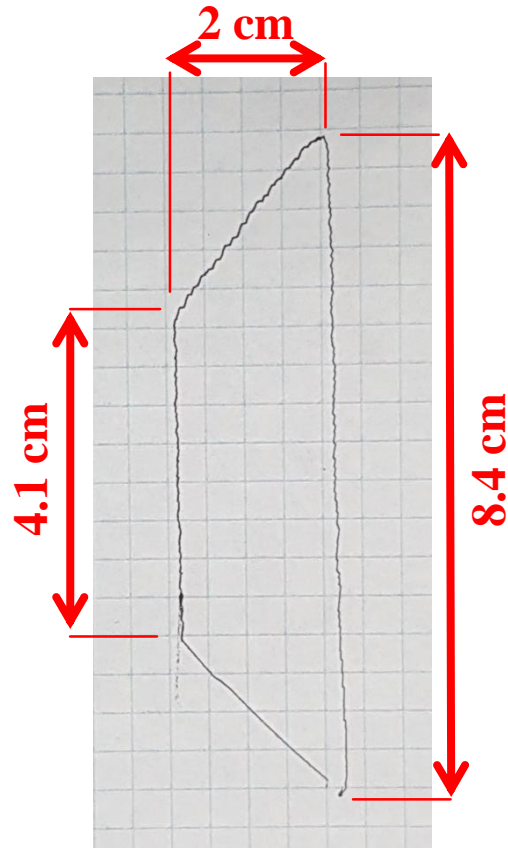
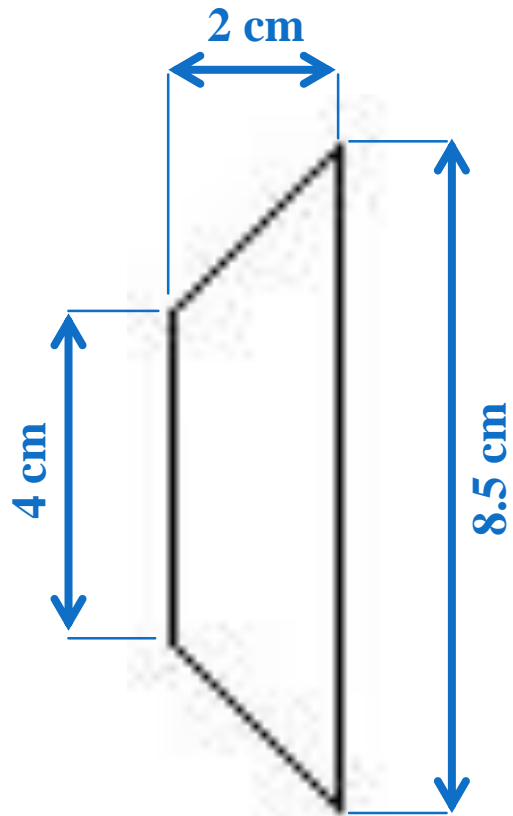


VS

Propeller

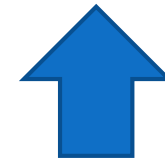


Results LabVIEW + Arduino



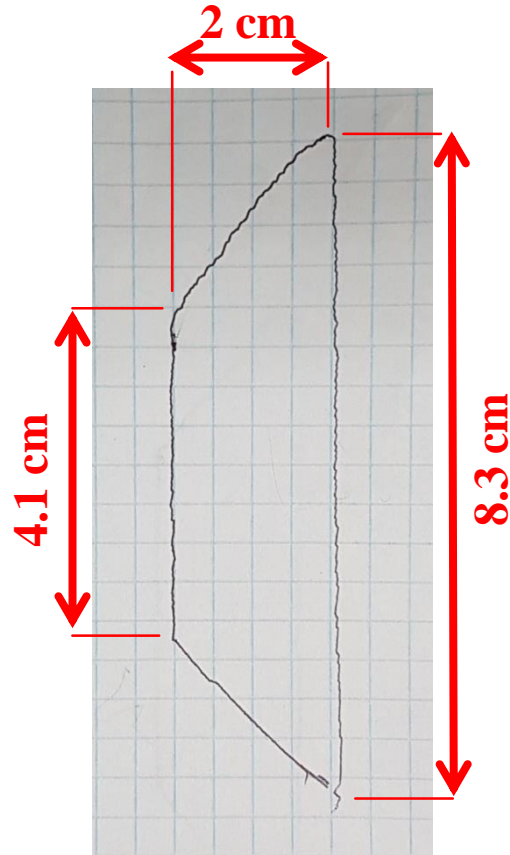
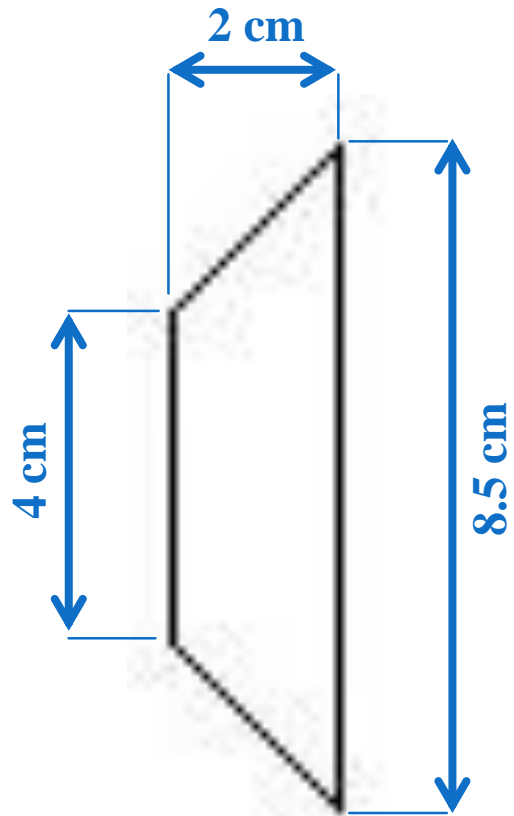
► The error evaluated is 1.2%*

$$\varepsilon = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{|l_1 - l_1^*|}{l_1^*} + \frac{|l_2 - l_2^*|}{l_2^*} + \frac{|l_3 - l_3^*|}{l_3^*} \right)$$



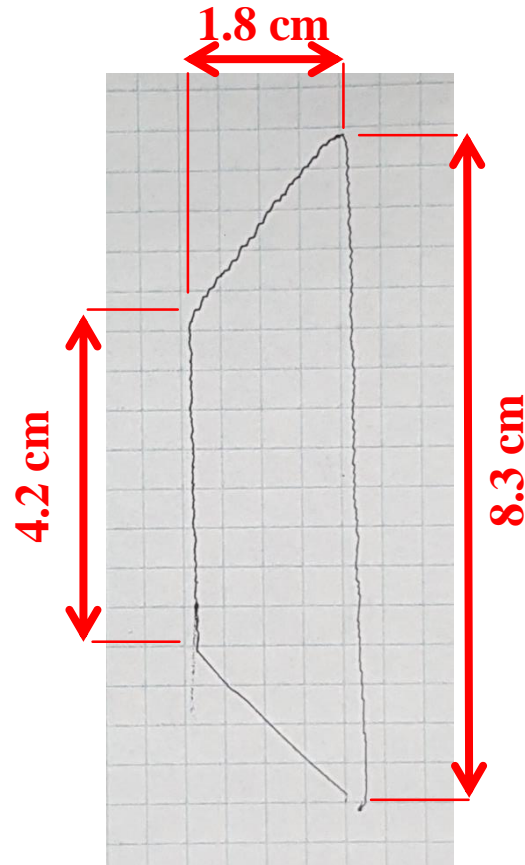
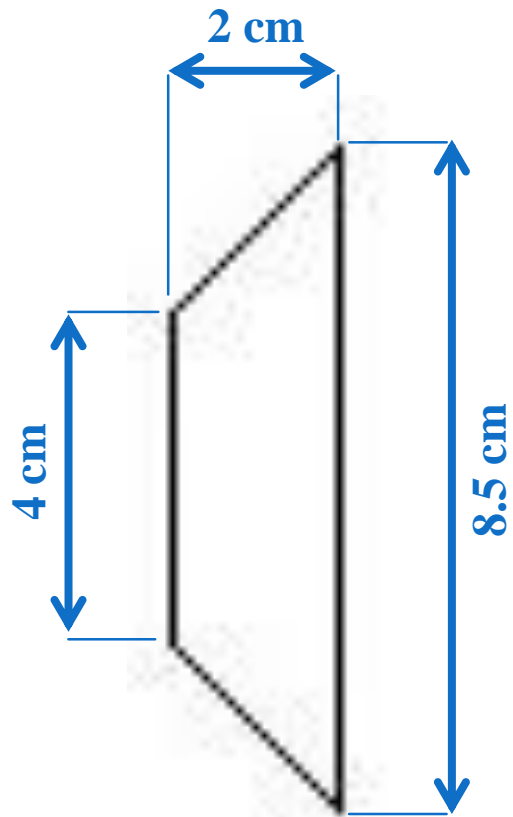
* The technique used is the mean value of the relative error of the three measurements.

Arduino



- ▶ The error evaluated is 1.6%
- ▶ Labview does not influence the output obtained with Arduino

Propeller Servo_angle (Multi Cogs)



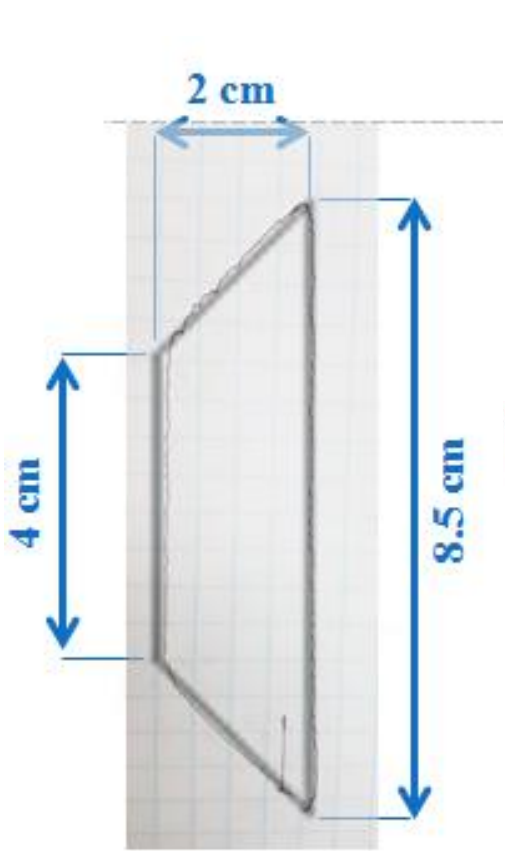
- ▶ The error evaluated is 5.8%
- ▶ Propeller provides a larger error than Arduino

Propeller Comparison

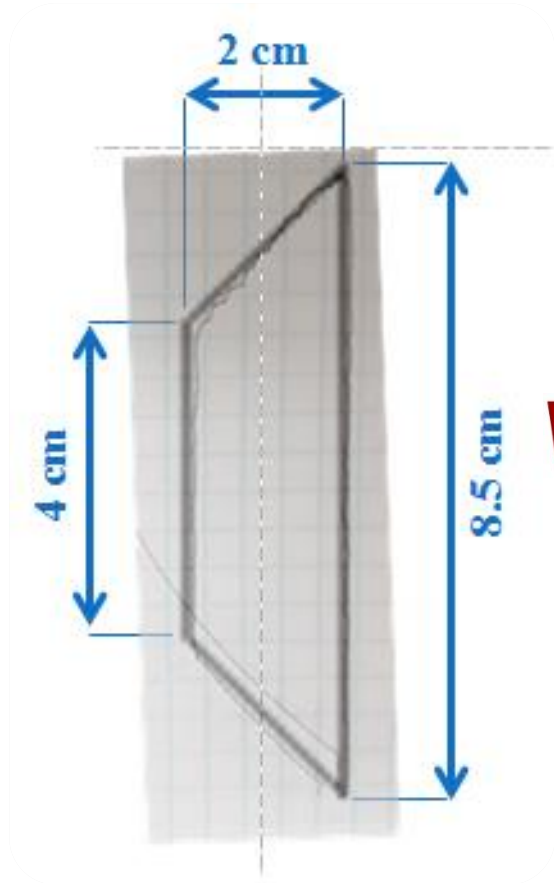
pulse_out Single Cog

pulse_out Multi Cogs

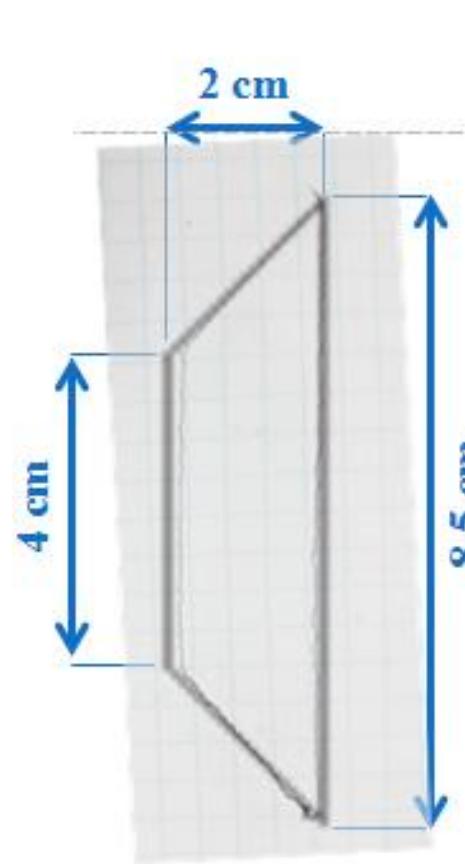
servo_angle Single Cog



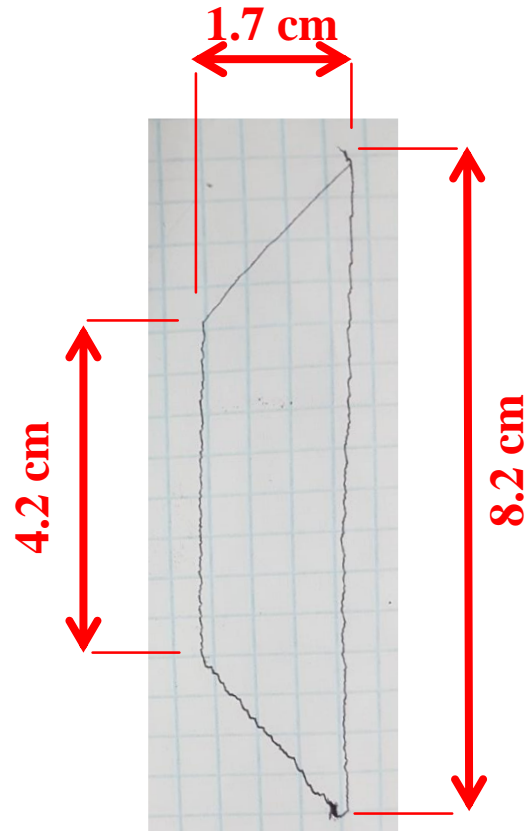
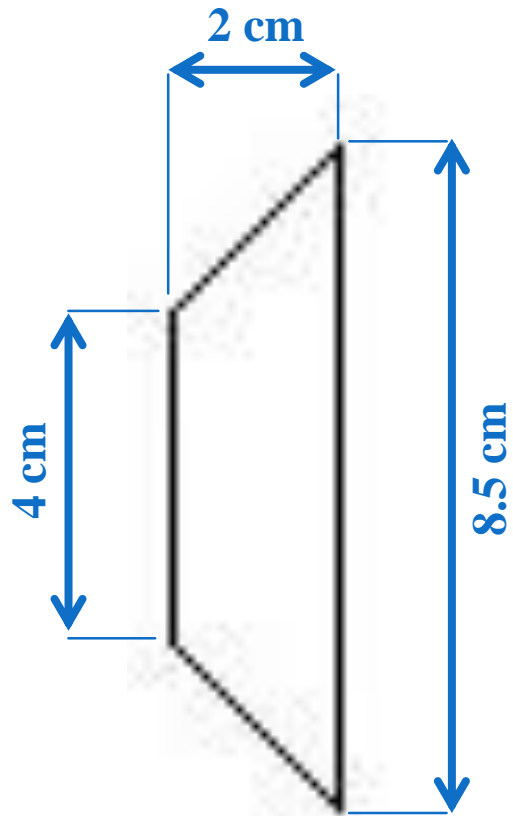
VS



VS

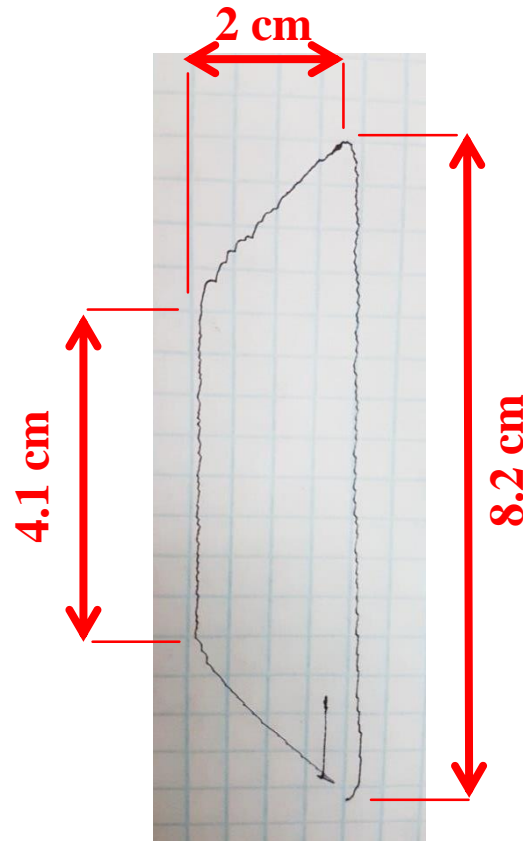
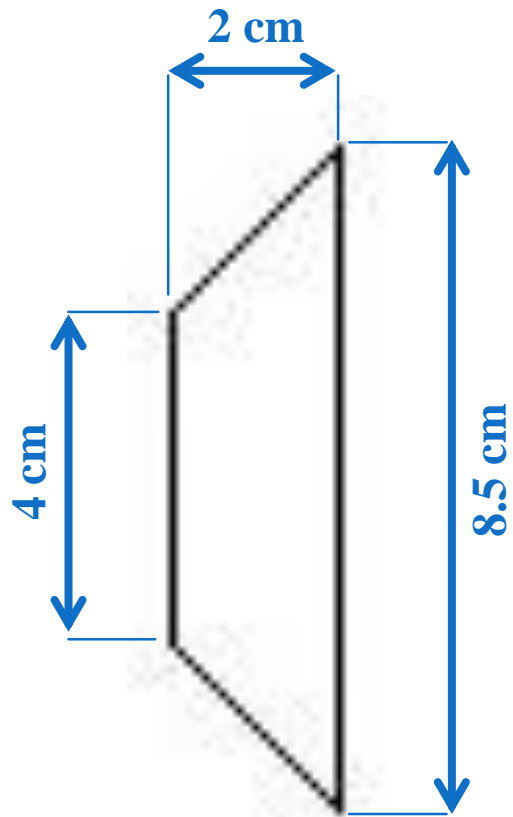


Servo_angle Single Cog



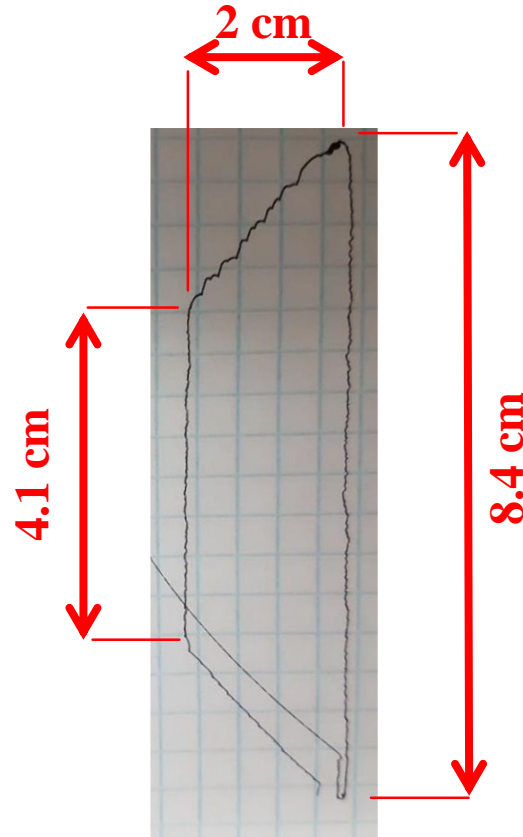
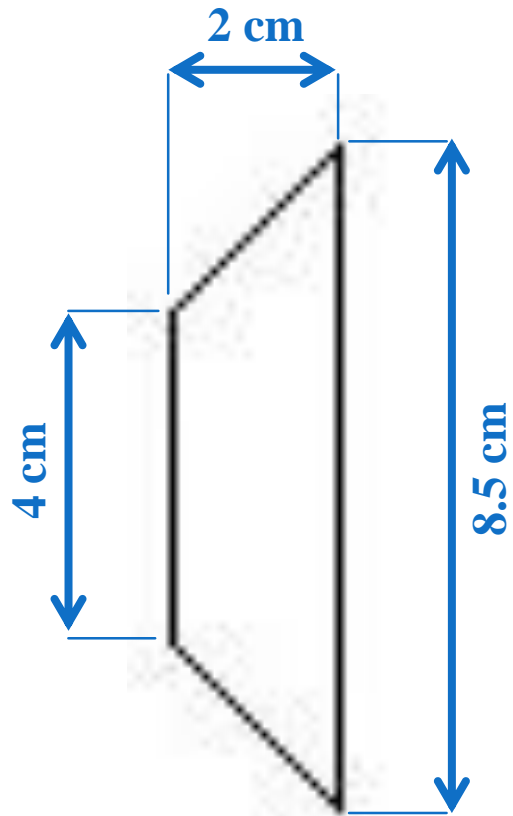
- ▶ The error evaluated is 7.8%
- ▶ Using a single core will decrease the accuracy of the system

Pulse_out Single Cog



- ▶ The error evaluated is 2%
- ▶ Results comparable with those of Arduino
- ▶ Needed many calibration due to pulse out command
- ▶ Better shapes with faster loop but less accuracy

Pulse_out Multi Cogs



- ▶ The error evaluated is 1.2%
- ▶ Results obtained using multiple cogs are better than single cog but not really parallel
- ▶ Needed many calibration due to pulse out command
- ▶ Better shapes with faster loop but less accuracy

Conclusions

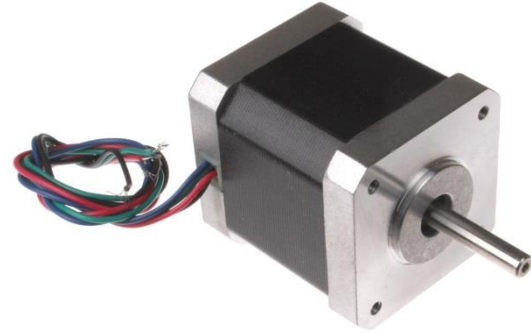
- ▶ We achieved better results by replacing the servo-angle command in a propeller code with a pulse-out and this is due to several reasons including:
 - ▶ Range of Angle in pulse out($2400-550=1850$) bigger than the range of Angle in servo-angle($1800-0=1800$) by 50 Angles.
 - ▶ Angles used in servo-angle function were rounded to the nearest angle.
- ▶ Coding using `writeMicroseconds()` in Arduino and pulse-out command in Propeller gave similar result. Slight percentage error between them is due to :
 - ▶ Error while measuring the percentage error
 - ▶ Precise scaling of the for loop.

Conclusions

- ▶ Servo motors do not offer a valid solution for the aim of the project
- ▶ More stable and accurate actuators are needed
- ▶ The results obtained by Arduino or Propeller are comparable
- ▶ An high current is necessary to run the servos properly
- ▶ Controlling Arduino directly from LabVIEW does not implicate worst results

Future Improvements

- ▶ Improving the accuracy and the stability of the system with stepper motors.
- ▶ Acquiring an image through the raspberry pi cam and processing it which will eliminate the need of LabVIEW.



Thank You

Questions ?