



Robotic fish

- Robotic fish, Commodore, has been exhibited at Washington DC, New Jersey, and New York.
- To enhance informal science learning and increase interest in biology and engineering.
- Currently, controlled by iPad applications.

Science, tech and toys of the future at DC expo





Exploration, Rubik's Cube and Robot Fish





NYU-Polytechnic Second Annual Research Expo in New York



Underwater Camera

- Everyone like to take pictures when they go on vacations. Interesting pictures are taken at hard to reach places.
- GoPros are a viable option for an underwater camera that can be viewed by an app. However, these are very programming constrained and have to be handheld.
- A controllable robotic fish may present a solution.



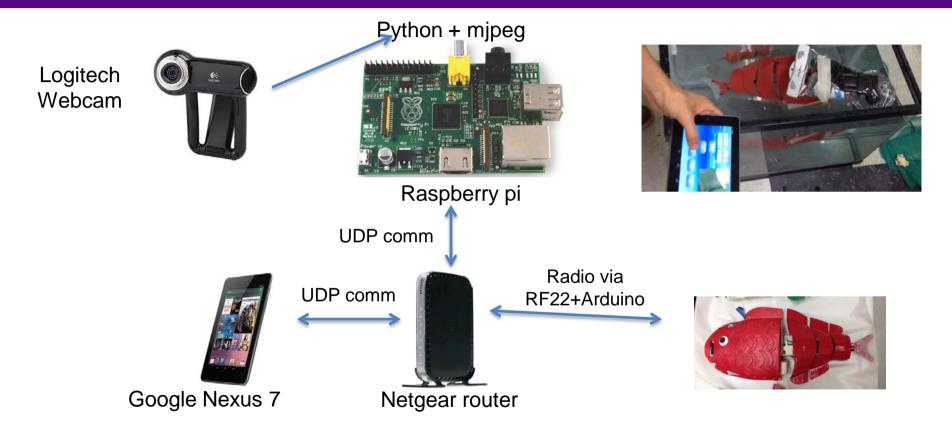


Look through the eyes of a robotic fish!

- Looking the through the eyes of the robotic fish can give children a more interesting. Super fun!
- If we can do it in Xcode, why not try for Android too? Good practice in android app development.
- Apply concepts in the classroom to practical knowledge and the development of an underwater camera system for a robotic fish. (Raspberry Pi, Android, Arduino and OpenCV)

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Hardware

- One robotic fish named the Commodore. Multi-linked motorized tail with a waterproofed box housing an Arduino Pro mini as the processor.
- Android, Arduino, and RF22 to handle communications over the NETGEAR router using UDP protocol.
- A web camera and Raspberry Pi encased in a portable water proofed container.





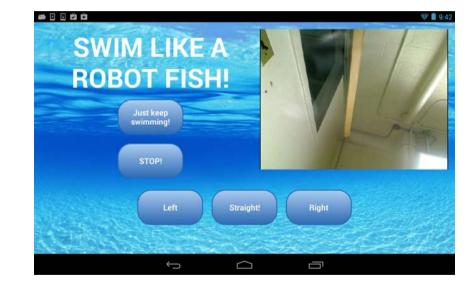
Raspberry Pi

- Uses a Rasbian build.
- Uses python script, UDP communication protocol and opency.
- Uses MJPEG Streamer to stream the video feed to Android tablet and computer.
- Not powerful enough to stream and process the images at the same time.

```
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Python 3.4.0: v2.py - F:\Education\NYU\Adv Mech\Final Proj\v2.py
File Edit Format Run Options Windows Help
import os
import sys
 import string
 import time
 import socket
import cv2
 import math
 import numpy as no
#os.system("sudo mjpg streamer -i \"/usr/lib/input uvc.so -d /dev/video0 -r 640
rgb1=np.array([3,35,0])
rgb2=np.array([68,98,23])
hsv1=np.array([62,127,35])
hsv2=np.array([81,255,98])
UDP IP = "192.168.1.101"
UDP PORT = 9999
sock = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, # Internet
                      socket.SOCK DGRAM) # UDP
cap=cv2.VideoCapture(0)
 while True:
        ret, frame = cap.read()
        rgbthresh=cv2.inRange(frame, rgb1, rgb2)
        #cv2.imwrite("rqb.jpq",rqbthresh)
        frame = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR BGR2HSV)
        hsvthresh=cv2.inRange(frame,hsv1,hsv2)
        thresh=cv2.bitwise and(rgbthresh,hsvthresh)
        #thresh = cv2.blur(thresh, (5,5))
        thresh = cv2.medianBlur(thresh,5)
        #cv2.imwrite("thresh.jpg",thresh)
        M= cv2.moments(thresh,1)
        if M['m00']>0:
                 cx = int(M['m10']/M['m00'])
                 cv = int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
                 print cx
                 #print cv
                 if (cx<=340 & cx>=300) :
                         sock.sendto("STRAIGHT", (UDP IP, UDP PORT))
                 elif cx>340:
                         sock.sendto("LEFT", (UDP IP, UDP PORT))
                 elif cx<300:
```

Android

- Creates a one screen interface that lets users choose the direction to control the robotic fish and a stop button. Two buttons for on/off. Three buttons for steering.
- Located on IP address 192.168.1.100
- Collects the video stream from the mjpeg streamer from the router and displays it on the app.



Arduino (Commodore/Base station)

- A base station converts UDP commands from router to radio signals using the RF22 transmitter chip.
- Arduino is programmed to listen to the radio signals in the format "Mode:Manual", "s0f1", or "s0o10"
- Robotic fish responds by beating its tail following a carangiform motion based on the received message.

```
by Michael Margolis
This code is in the public domain.
#include <SPI.h>
                         // needed for Arduino versions later than 0018
#include <Ethernet.h>
#include <EthernetUdp.h>
                                // UDP library from: bjoern@cs.stanford.edu 12/30/2008
// Enter a MAC address and IP address for your controller below.
// The IP address will be dependent on your local network:
byte mac[] = {
 OxDE, OxAD, OxBE, OxEF, OxFE, OxED );
IPAddress ip(192, 168, 1, 2);
unsigned int localPort = 9999;
                                   // local port to listen on
// buffers for receiving and sending data
char packetBuffer[UDP TX PACKET MAX SIZE]; //buffer to hold incoming packet,
char ReplyBuffer[] = "acknowledged";
                                           // a string to send back
// An EthernetUDP instance to let us send and receive packets over UDP
EthernetUDP Udp;
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 Serial.println("try begin");
 // start the Ethernet and UDP:
 Ethernet.begin(mac,ip);
 Serial.println("try udp");
  Udp.begin(localPort);
 Udp.flush();
 Serial.println("setup done");
void loop() {
```







Thank you for your attention!
We would be happy to answer any
questions.